## Notes

#### Product

The Halgan Averaging Dilution Trap is used for treatment of waste water from laboratories, schools, technical colleges, battery manufacturing or any application where acids or alkalines are used.

## 2. General

- 2.1. Tank constructed from Polyethylene.
- 2.2. The Averaging Dilution Trap is to be installed in a location that will not cause a nuisance, obstruct fire access, cannot be vandalised or be damaged by vehicles.
- 2.3. The Averaging Dilution Trap must have ease of access to pumpout point for maintenance.
- 2.4. A hose tap fitted with RPZD backflow protection (as per AS/NZS 3500) must be installed within 5 metres of the Averaging Dilution Trap for maintenance and cleaning.

## 3. Installation above ground

- 3.1. The Averaging Dilution Trap is to be supported on a 100mm thick concrete pad. The 400 L & 600 L Averaging Dilution Trap does not require a stand.
- 3.2. Any maintenance platform must be installed in accordance with Australian Standard 1657-1992 allowing safe access while inspecting and maintaining the Averaging Dilution Trap.
- 3.3. All pipes connecting to the Averaging Dilution Trap shall be fully supported, there shall be no stress on the tank connections.
- 3.4. All stormwater must be diverted away from the Averaging Dilution Trap to prevent undermining of foundation.

#### 4. Installation below ground

- 4.1. All connections to the Averaging Dilution Trap shall be in accordance with the appropriate authorities.
- 4.2. Any excavation exceeding 1.5 metres in depth shall comply with the construction safety acts and regulations before backfilling.
- 4.3. The Averaging Dilution Trap must be filled with water prior to backfilling.

#### 5. Excavation dimensions

- 5.1. The excavated hole width shall be kept as narrow as practicable. The depth shall not be greater than 150mm more than the required depth.
- 5.2. 75mm clearance is required at the sides of tank.

#### Over excavation

6.1. Where an excavation has been made deeper than required, the excess depth shall be filled either with bedding material compacted to achieve 98% compaction or concrete.

#### 7. Water Charged Ground

7.1. Where installation is in high water table or water charged ground, mine subsidence, filled or unstable areas, the services of a qualified structural engineer is required for certification.

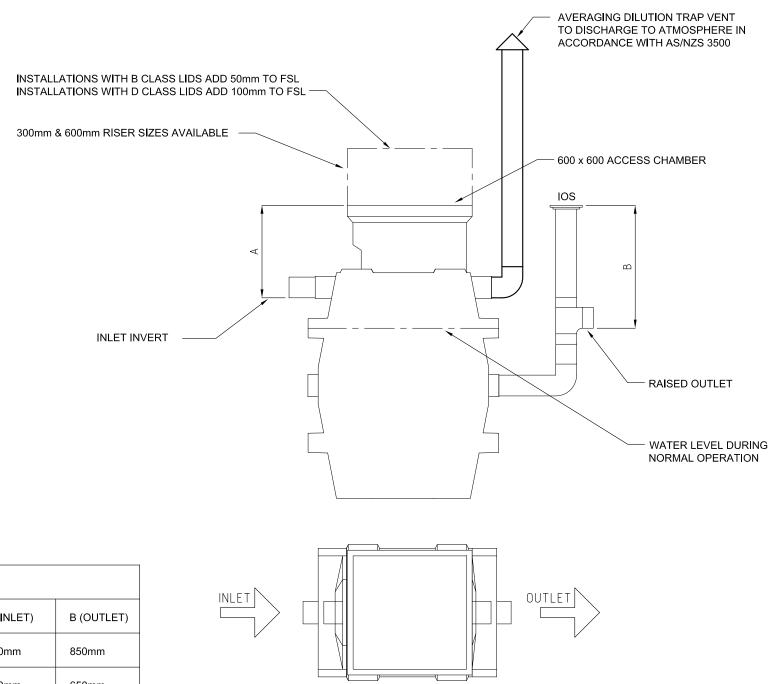
### 8. Bedding material

- 8.1. The bedding material shall be 1 part Portland cement to 4 parts clean sand.
- 8.2. The bedding shall be thoroughly compacted by tampering at 300 mm layers.
- 8.3. The bedding material shall encase the whole tank.

## 9. Final Backfill

- 9.1. The final backfill material shall comply with the following:
- 9.1.a. Spoil from the excavation of the trench may be used.
- 9.1.b. Foreign material such as builder's waste, bricks, and concrete shall not be used.
- 9.1.c. The backfill shall be compacted to restore the excavated hole as near as practicable to the normal ground.

# HALGAN 400 & 600 LITRE AVERAGING DILUTION TRAP DETAIL



HALGAN HAD DIMENSIONS									
MODEL	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LENGTH	VOLUME	WEIGHT	A (INLET)	B (OUTLET)		
HAD 400	1550mm	720mm	1120mm	400 L	60KG	700mm	850mm		
HAD 600	1550mm	720mm	1120mm	600 L	60KG	500mm	650mm		

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Α	26.10.2012	DETAIL DESIGN	DN	SM	КН	DO NOT SCALE		
REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHKD	APP	IF IN DOUBT ASK 3rd ANGLE	REF. DWG.	TITLE

HALGAN 400 & 600 LITRE AVERAGING DILUTION TRAP DETAIL

HAD40	REV.	
CHECKED SM	SCALE 1:20	А3
DN DN	26.10.201	2